

μ SR Data Analysis

“Seeing” with Software

by

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PHYSICS & ASTRONOMY

TENTATIVE OUTLINE

- Introduction to **Linux**
 - Workstations & **bnqrexp**
 - Getting set up: **TSI.zip**
 - The **bash** command line
- Overview: **μSR Data Analysis**
 - Data Acquisition & Storage
 - Abstract Descriptions
- First Look with **PHYSICA**
 - Nuts & Bolts
 - **T0, BKGD, TIMES & NPAC**
 - Asymmetry Spectra
- Second Look with **μView**
 - Asymmetry Types
 - Spectrum Storage
- Web Access & Display
 - **MUD** Runs Database
 - Using **SPECT & FFT**
- Making Fourier Transforms with **MSRFFT**
- Fitting with **MSRFIT**
 - Input File Syntax
 - Output to **DB** files
- Fitting with **MUSRFIT**
 - Input File Syntax
 - Associated Procedures
- Plotting Results with **μView**
- Fitting Results with **xyfit**

Linux

- Hopefully everyone will by now be at least a little familiar with **Linux**.
- Log in physically on the *Linux* workstations in Hennings 205 and/or remotely on the assigned server at TRIUMF: **bnqrexp.triumf.ca** using the same ID and the same initial password. On the workstation, open a *Terminal* window (by clicking on its icon) and change your password using the command

```
passwd
```

- Rename your existing **.bashrc** file to **.bashrc-inst** using the command

```
mv .bashrc .bashrc-inst
```

Then copy the file TSI.zip from my directory to your own using the command

```
cd ; cp -a ~jess/TSI.zip $HOME
```

and extract its contents with the command

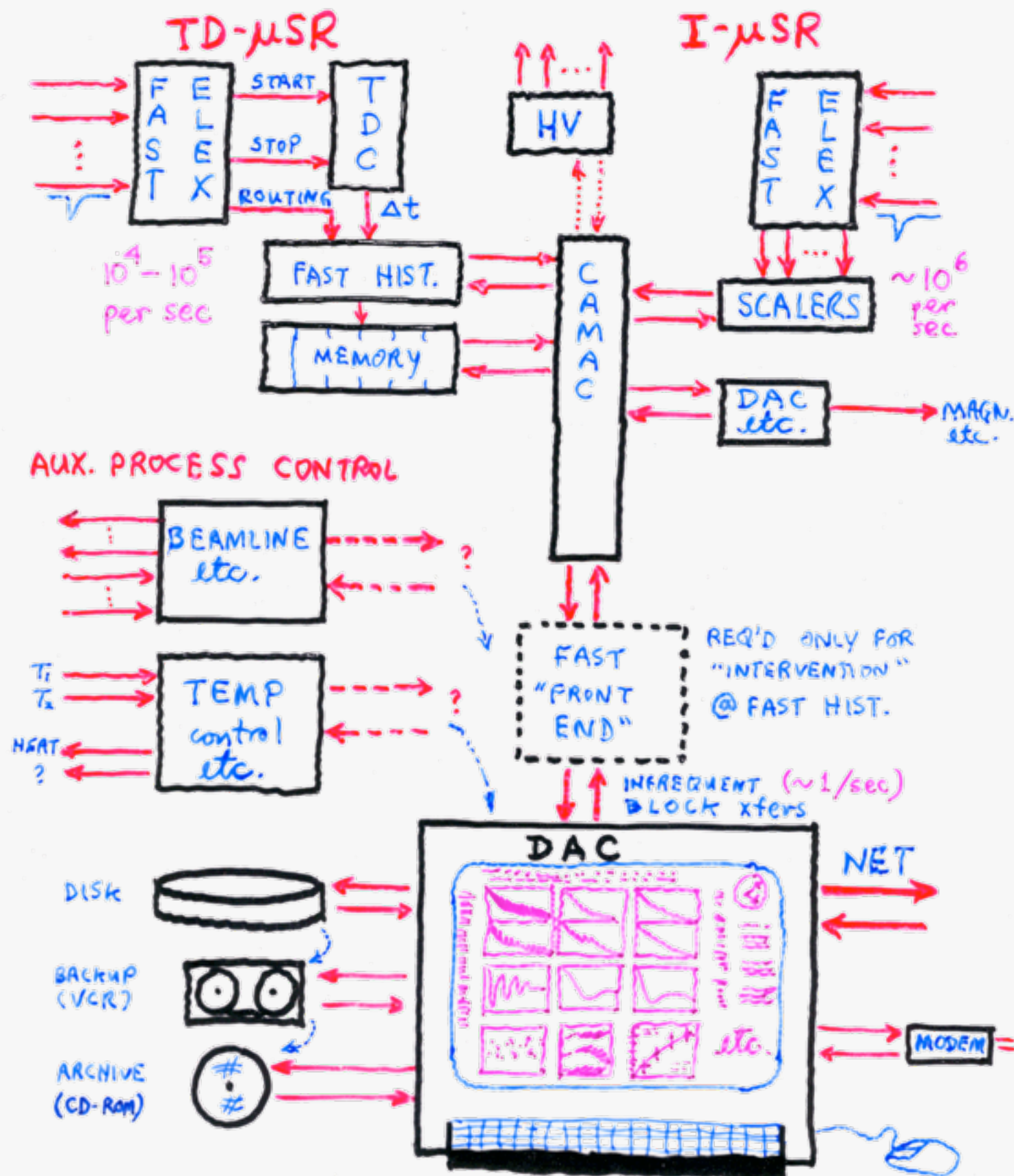
```
unzip TSI
```

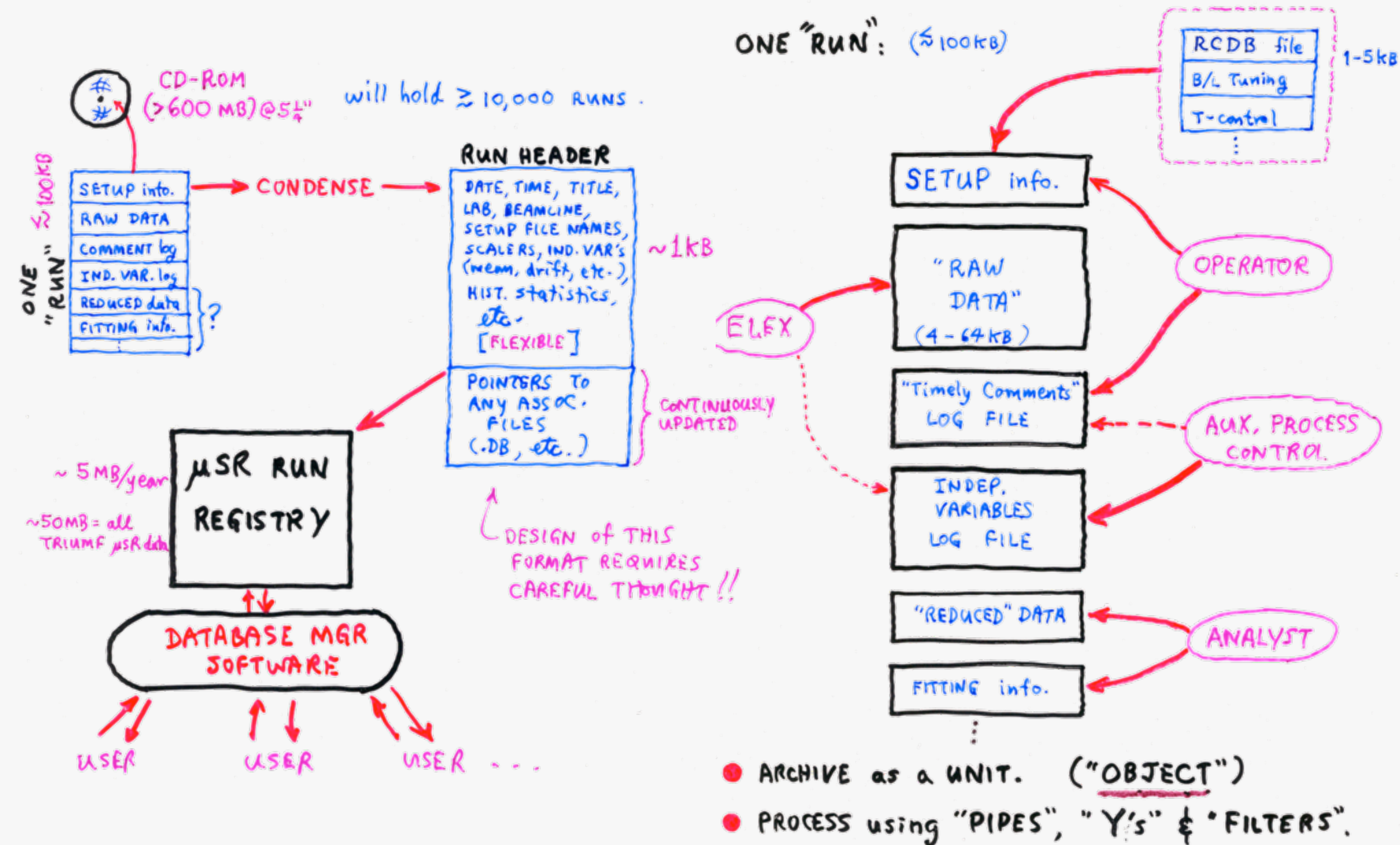
This will create a new **.bashrc** file, a **.aliases** file, a file **PGPLOT_env.sh** and a **README** file which you can most easily display using the command

```
more ~/README
```

Be sure you understand the meaning (in **bash**) of symbols like “;”, “~”, “/” and “\$”.

- You are now ready to invoke applications using the command line.





DATA ANALYSIS in μ SR:

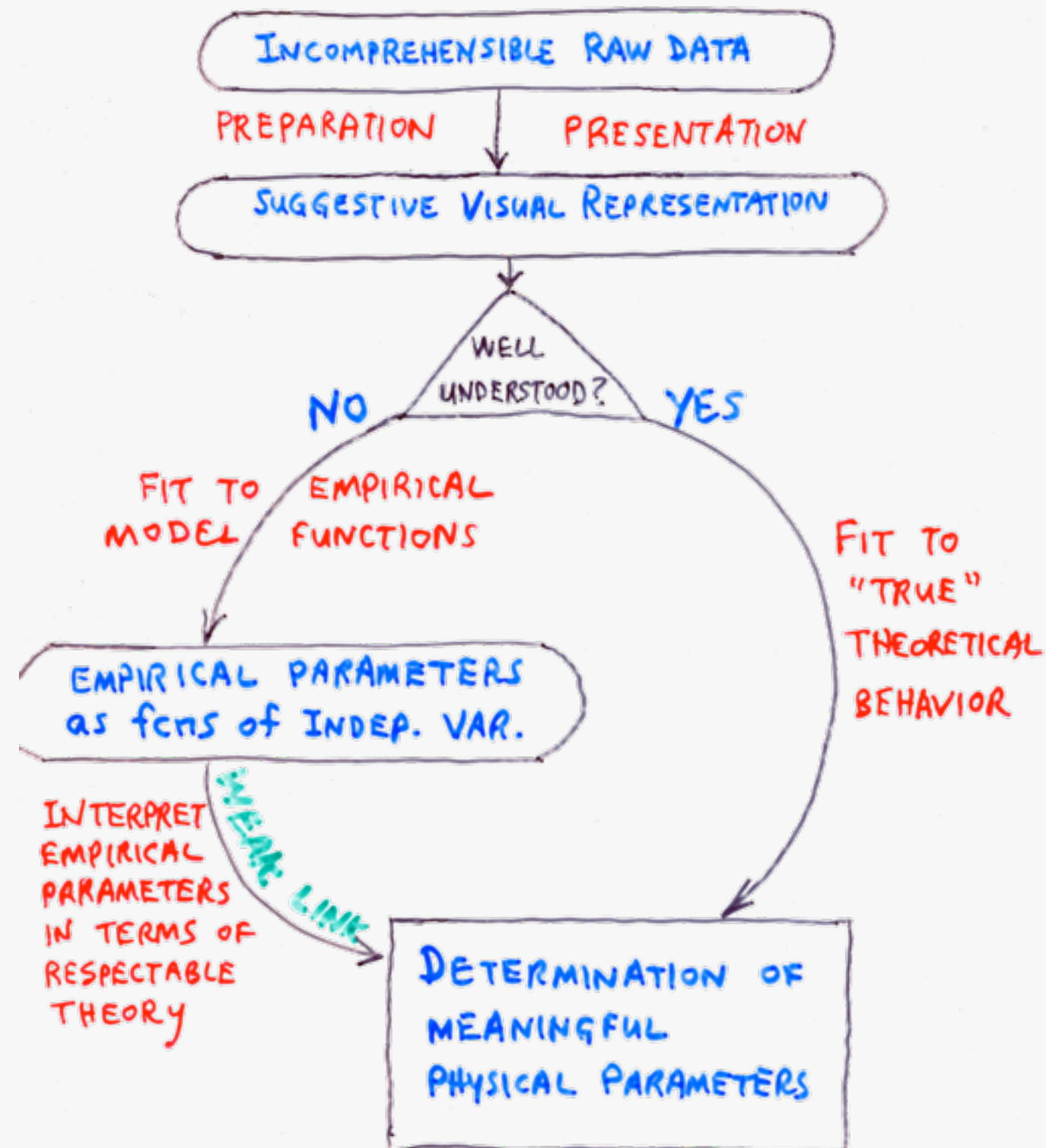
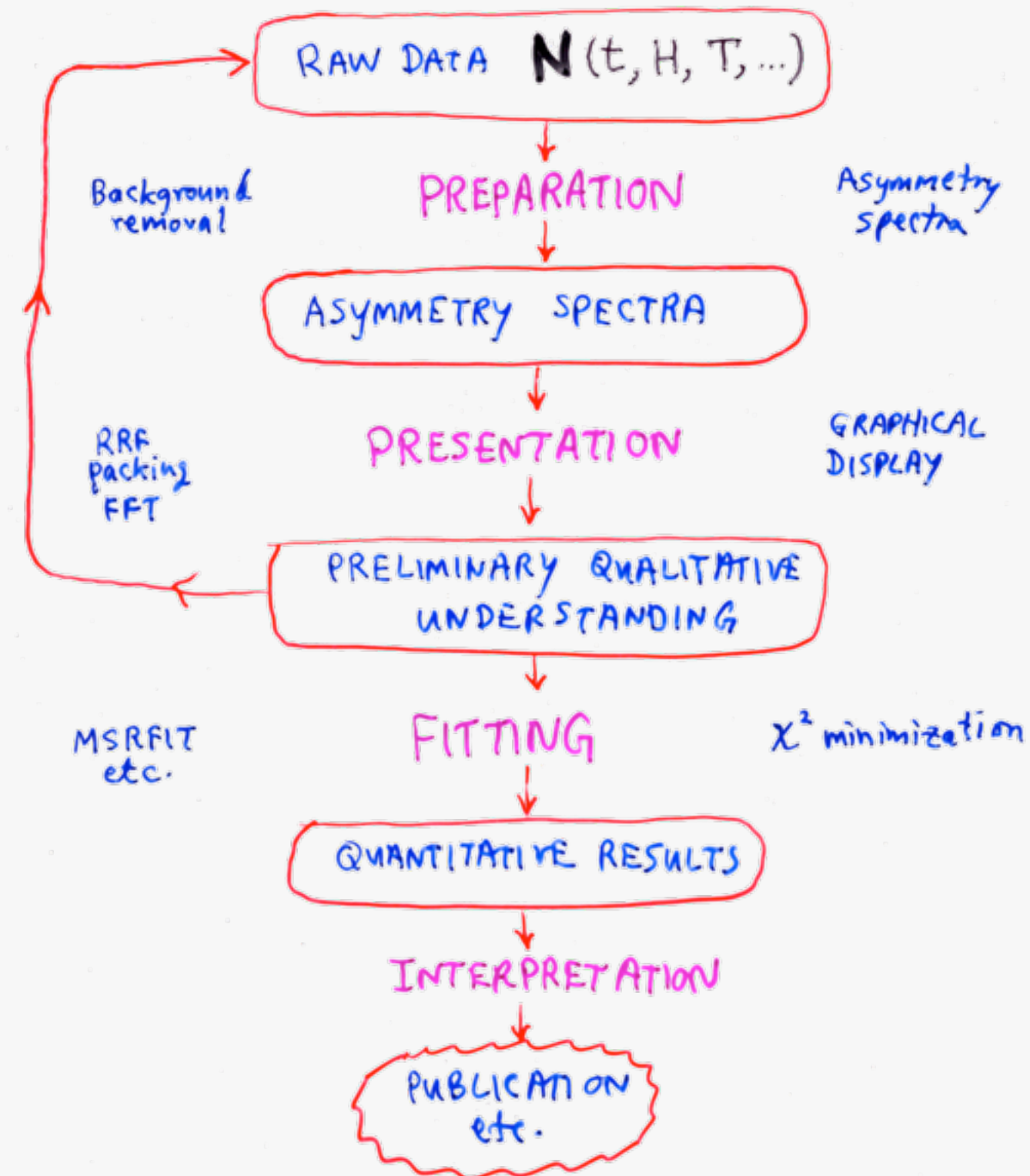
WHY SO IMPORTANT?

Because

- Beam time comes in blocks of at least a few days @ 24 hr/day.
- Beam time costs the taxpayers a minimum of \$1000/hr.
- $\therefore$ You won't get another look at the present system for months, if ever!
- "INSTANTANEOUS FEEDBACK" is POSSIBLE and therefore MANDATORY.

μ SR Data Analysis: Abstract

Empiricism



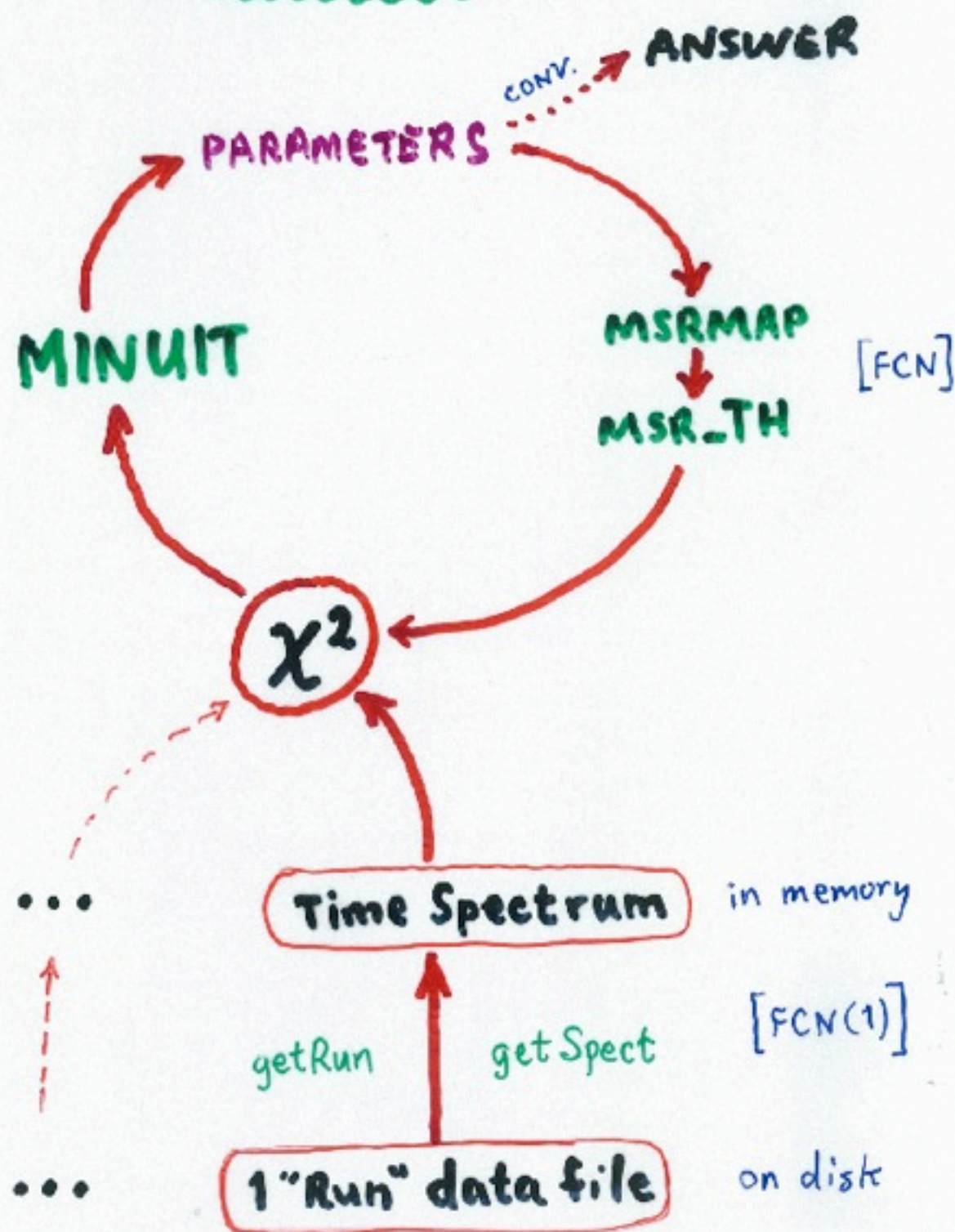
PHYSICA *DEMO*

μ View demo

Constructing *SPECTRA* from **.msr* (MUD) files

MUD Web Tools demo

MSRFIT:



MSRFIT Input/Initial guess FILE:

TITLE ...

1	NAME1	x_i	δx_i	x_{min}	x_{max}	} MINUIT Parameters
2	NAME2	y_i	δy_i	y_{min}	y_{max}	
3	NAME3	z_i	δz_i	z_{min}	z_{max}	
...	(term. w/blank line)					

<FILENAME> (where to put the results)

MULTIPLE "SIGNALS" allowed up to 32 (?)

SIGNAL	$j_1, j_2, j_3, \dots, j_{10}$	} "SIGNAL" MAPPING onto MINUIT parameters by number
SIGNAL	$j'_1, j'_2, j'_3, \dots, j'_{10}$	
:	:	

MULTIPLE SPECTRA allowed up to 20 (?)

SPECTRUM	$i_1, i_2, i_3, i_4, \dots, i_{10}$	} get Spect commands (term. w/blank line)
<DATA FILE>		
SRTYP	2	
HIST	1,2	
TIME	0, 9, 50	

SPECTRUM	$i'_1, i'_2, i'_3, \dots, i'_{10}$
<DATA FILE>	
PREV	("do like previous spectrum, above.")
	(term. w/blank line)
	(term. with 2nd blank line)

MINIMIZE	} MINUIT commands (for Batch mode; otherwise ignored.)
MINOS	
:	
END/EXIT	

SYNTAX of SIGNAL command:

SIGNAL k_{ph} , k_{as} , k_{fr} , k_{rl} , k_{hp} , k_{o1} , $k_{o2} \dots k_{o5}$
 expression1
 expression2 } if needed ("200-series" mappings)
 ...
 TABLE filename (if needed)

k_{ph} etc are $\pm$ INTEGERS. If $|k_i| < 100$ then it refers to MINUIT parameter # $|k_i|$.

If $100 < |k_i| < 200$ then it is an "INDIRECT" MAPPING, used for MULTI-SPECTRUM ("global") fits. Use SPECTRUM parameter # $|k_i - 100|$ for this variable, each spectrum.

If $|k_i| > 200$ then it is an "explicit expression" mapping. Set this variable equal to the corresponding expression (in terms of MINUIT parameters BY NAME and any other defined constants, like PI).

TYPE of SIGNAL is encoded in the SIGNS of the MAPPING integers. E.g.

SIGNAL 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 means to fit to $p_2 \exp[-(p_4 t)^{p_5}] \cos(2\pi p_3 t + p_1 \frac{\pi}{180})$ where p_i is the i th MINUIT parameter

SIGNAL 0, 1, 0, -4, 5 means to fit to $p_1 G_{zz}(t, \Delta, \nu)$ where $\Delta = p_4$ and $\nu = p_5$
 KDGEF.TBL using the ZF relaxation function stored in KDGEF.TBL

☞ MANY, MANY, MORE CRYPTIC "MAPPINGS"

— see MSRMAP.FOR
 & MSR.TH.FOR

SYNTAX of SPECTRUM command:

SPECTRUM k_{NM} , k_{BG} , k_{RP} , k_{RA} , k_{LT} , k_{I1} , k_{I2} , k_{I3} , k_{I4} , k_{I5}
 expression1
 expression2 } if needed ("200-series" mappings)
 <DATA filename>
 getSpec commands } instructions on what data to read in and how.
 ...
 [term. w/ blank line]

k_{NM} = MINUIT parameter # giving N_0 for SPEC_TYP = 0
 α for " " = 2

[for multiple spectra, all type 0, a NEGATIVE k_{NM} on any but the FIRST spectrum means "relative to spectrum 1"]

k_{BG} : unused for spec_type = 2; FRACTIONAL BACKGROUND for " = 0.

k_{RP} : (never used for spectrum 1): RELATIVE PHASE [deg.] wrt. spectrum 1.

k_{RA} : (" " " " ") : RELATIVE ASYMMETRY wrt. spec. 1.

k_{LT} : (rarely used) LIFETIME of ^{15}N or ($k_{LT} < 1$) $t=0$ MISALIGNMENT

$k_{I1} - k_{I10}$: INDIRECT SIGNAL PARAMETERS (which see)

μ View demo

Plotting *RESULTS* from *.db or *.csv files

xyfit *DEMO* (?)

C'est fini!